



Data-driven Trajectory Prediction

Overview from the Engage KTN

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Engage thematic challenge 2 workshop

Universitat Politècnica de Catalunya, 6 November 2018



Founding Members



Data-driven Trajectory Prediction

Overview



- Background on Engage and thematic challenges
- Context for thematic challenge 2
- Wrap-up and next steps
 - funding opportunities

Background on Engage and thematic challenges



– the SESAR Knowledge Transfer Network

UNIVERSITY OF
WESTMINSTER



FREQUENTIS



engagektn.com

Industry partners



Advanced Logistics Group (ALG)
 AGIFORS - Airline Group of the International Federation of Operational Research Societies
 Air Traffic Controllers European Unions Coordination (ATCEUC)
 airBaltic
 Airport Regions Conference (ARC)
 American Airlines
 ANS CR
 Aslogic
 Association for the Scientific Development of ATM in Europe (ASDA)
 Autoridade Nacional da Aviação Civil (ANAC)
 Barcelona Supercomputing Center (BSC)
 Belgocontrol
 Boeing Research and Technology Europe (BR&T-Europe)
 Bundesaufsichtsamt für Flugsicherung (BAF)
 Civil Aviation Authority (CAA)
 COOPANS Consortium
 Department for Transport (UK)
 Direction des Services de la Navigation Aérienne (DSNA)
 Direktorat civilnog vazduhoplovstva Republike Srbije (DCV)
 European Meteorological Services Network (EUMETNET)
 European Passengers' Federation (EPF)
 Executive Airlines
 Ferrovial Agroman
 Finnair
 FlightGlobal
 Flughafen München / Munich Airport
 Gestair SL
 Helios
 HEMAV - High Endurance Multipurpose Aerial Vehicles
 Honeywell Aerospace
 HungaroControl
 Icelandair
 IFSTTAR - Institut Français des Sciences et Technologies des Transports, de l'Aménagement et des Réseaux
 INFORM - Institut für Operations Research und Management GmbH
 International Air Transport Passenger Association (IATPA)
 International Federation of Air Traffic Controllers' Associations (IFATCA)
 Irish Aviation Authority (IAA)
 LFV - Luftfartsverket
 London Luton Airport
 Lufthansa Systems
 Manchester Airport
 NATS
 Navair
 Network Manager - nominated by the European Commission
 NEXTOR II Consortium - University of California, Berkeley and University of Maryland
 PACE Aerospace Engineering & Information Technology
 Pegasus Airlines
 QinetiQ Ltd
 Raytheon UK
 Sabre Airline Solutions
 SWISS - Swiss International Air Lines
 Thomas Cook Airlines
 TÜBİTAK - The Scientific and Technological Research Council of Turkey
 Turkish Airlines

The Engage KTN

Overview



Key features and objectives (2018-2021)

- Better integrate more applied/industrial & exploratory research (two-way process)
 - mutual benefit, integrated into the fabric, funded; interdisciplinary
- Education and training: future ATM skilled workforce
 - “develop new talent with a deep knowledge of the future ATM scientific research needs ... stimulating the next generation of ATM staff”
 - PhD and graduate thesis Call (appx. €1m, open until 01NOV18)
 - 3 summer schools (2019: Belgrade); ATC training courses; lecture progs
 - SESAR Innovation Days (03-07DEC18, University of Salzburg)
- Knowledge hub as a ‘go-to’ source, single point of entry for ATM knowledge
 - popular demand: improved search functionality; consolidated repository
- Not only larger concepts, but sum of large number of support actions
 - multiple grants; ‘light touch’

free
of charge

thematic
challenges

Thematic challenges and workshops

Overview

[HOME](#)[ABOUT](#)[KNOWLEDGE HUB](#)[PARTICIPATE](#)[EVENTS](#)[CONTACTS](#)

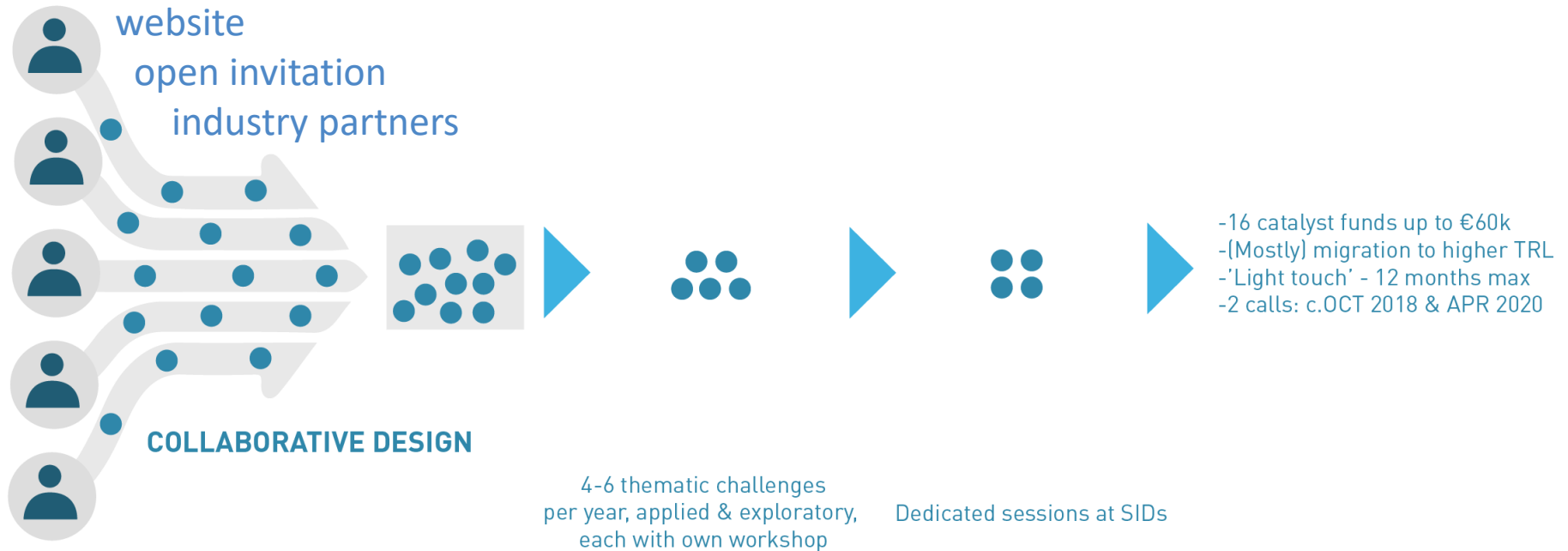
Engage Thematic Challenges

At the core of the KTN is the definition of various thematic challenges: new ideas suggested by the research community, not already included within the scope of an existing SESAR project. They are developed along with the ATM concepts roadmap and complementarily with some of the network's PhDs and theses.



Thematic challenges and workshops

Overview



- Thematic challenges at core: applied-orientation; help to mature exploratory research
- Industry partners: willingness to share information and data
- Each challenge has (a) dedicated workshop(s)
- Selected challenges may be investigated further through, e.g.:
 - (1) Engage catalyst funding (NB. consortium members ineligible), Call published by 16NOV18
 - (2) Engage PhDs/theses

Thematic challenge 1 – Vulnerabilities and global security of the CNS/ATM system

Workshop: Date/location TBC – Bringing together the ATM community and security experts to enable a more privacy-preserving, cyber-resilient, fault-tolerant and secure ATM system.



CNS/ATM components (e.g., ADS-B, SWIM, datalink, Asterix) of the current and future air transport system present vulnerabilities that could be used to perform an 'attack'. Further investigations are necessary to mitigate these vulnerabilities, moving towards a cyber-resilient system, fully characterising ATM data, its confidentiality, integrity and availability requirements. A better understanding of the safety-security trade-off is required. Additional security assessments for legacy systems are also needed to identify possible mitigating controls in order to improve cyber-resilience without having to replace and refit. Future systems security by design is essential: a new generation of systems architectures and applications should be explored to ensure confidentiality, cyber-resilience, fault tolerance, scalability, efficiency, flexibility and trust among data owners. Collaborative, security-related information exchange is essential to all actors in aviation. This is specially challenging in a multi-stakeholder, multi-system environment such as ATM, where confidentiality and trust are key.

[Fuller text here](#)

Thematic challenges and workshops

Thematic challenge 2 – Data-driven trajectory prediction

Workshop: 06 November 2018, Universitat Politècnica de Catalunya (UPC), Barcelona, Spain – ATM stakeholders and data scientists discussing the airspace users' needs, methodologies and benefits of improved trajectory prediction.

Draft programme here. Please use the [contacts](#) page to register.

Accurate and reliable trajectory prediction (TP) is a fundamental requirement to support trajectory-based operations. Lack of advance information and the mismatch between planned and flown trajectories caused by operational uncertainties from airports, ATC interventions, and 'hidden' flight plan data (e.g., cost indexes, take-off weights) are important shortcomings of the present state of the art. New TP approaches, merging and analysing different sources of flight-relevant information, are expected to increase TP robustness and support a seamless transition between tools supporting ATFCM across the planning phases. The exploitation of historical data by means of machine learning, statistical signal processing and causal models could boost TP performance and enhance the TBO paradigm. Specific research domains include machine-learning techniques, the aggregation of probabilistic predictions, and the development of tools for the identification of flow-management 'hotspots'. These could be integrated into network and trajectory planning tools, leading to enhanced TP.

[Fuller text here](#)

Thematic challenge 3 – Efficient provision and use of meteorological information in ATM

Workshop: 13 November 2018, SESAR Joint Undertaking (SJU), Brussels, Belgium – Atmospheric scientists and ATM stakeholders shaping a more efficient provision and use of meteorological information in future aviation.

Draft programme here. Please use the [contacts](#) page to register.



The main objective of this challenge is to improve overall ATM system performance by providing better user-support tools based on improved meteorological ('met') products. The focus is on the synergy of several methods and techniques in order to better meet the needs of operational users and to support aviation safety (e.g., through creating early warning systems) and regulation-makers (e.g., moving from text-based to graphical information provision). All stakeholders may benefit from this synergy: ANSPs (e.g., sector reconfiguration and separation provision), airlines (e.g., storm avoidance), airport operators (e.g., airport management under disruptive events), and the Network Manager (e.g., demand-capacity balancing). The challenge is, therefore, to bring the following perspectives closer: (a) for meteorological/atmospheric science, the development of products tailored to ATM stakeholders' needs, which are unambiguous and easy to interpret; (b) for stakeholders, the identification of the most suitable information available and its integration into planning and decision-making processes.

[Fuller text here](#)

Thematic challenges and workshops

Thematic challenge 4 – Novel and more effective allocation markets in ATM

Workshop: 25 October 2018, University of Westminster (UoW), London, UK – A range of speakers from the behavioural sciences, economics, and ATM, debating approaches to improved modelling and methods in this new interdisciplinary area.

Final programme here. Please use the [contacts](#) page to register.



This research explores the design of new allocation markets in ATM, taking into account real stakeholder behaviours. It focuses on designs such as auctions and ‘smart’ contracts for slot and trajectory allocations. It seeks to better predict the actual behaviour of stakeholders, compared with behaviours predicted by normative models, taking into account that decisions are often made in the context of uncertainty. Which mechanisms are more robust against behavioural biases and likely to reach stable and efficient solutions, equitably building on existing SESAR practices? The research will address better modelling and measurement of these effects in ATM, taking account of ‘irrational’ agents such as airline ‘cultures’. A key objective is to contribute to the development of improved tools to better manage the allocation of resources such as slots and trajectories, and incentivising behaviour that benefits the network – for example by investigating the potential of centralised markets and ‘smart’ contract enablers.

[Fuller text here](#)

Context for thematic challenge 2

Context for thematic challenge 2₁



Trajectory-based operations rely on trajectory prediction (TP)

- Accurate and reliable trajectory prediction (TP) required to minimize mismatch between planned and flown trajectories
- Allowing more accurate and robust planning for AO, ANSP and network manager
- Accuracy and timeliness of data and information paramount

Numerous sources of deviations

- Airports operations
- ATC interventions
- Unknown parameters (cost indexes, take-off weights) and unknown AU intentions
- Different stakeholders use different TPs
- Meteo, passengers, etc.

Context for thematic challenge 2₂



Benefits of enhanced TP

- Better management of airspace and airport capacity/resources (less unused capacity, less buffers required)
- Better match between NM/ANSP interventions and AO preferences

Avenues for improvement

- Merging information from different sources
- Often historic datasets show patterns unknown to TP
- Inferring AU intentions

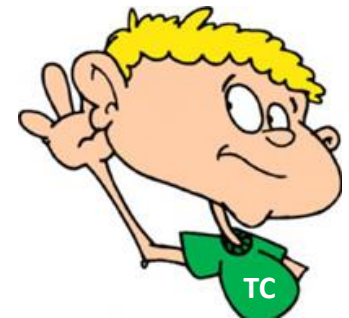
Data science and data-driven techniques hold the potential to improve TP

- Machine-learning/deep learning techniques
- Statistical signal processing
- Causal models

Heads-up for the discussion session

Heads-up for the brainstorming session

- We are going to ask you to suggest:
 - what **specific follow-up research** is likely to be useful to **mature the state of the art** (incl. flagging what may be addressed by catalyst funding)
 - what **measures of success** could be used to assess progress of challenge:
 - **short-term:** wholly within catalyst-funded project
 - **longer-term:** outside/beyond such a project (could be *identified* within it)
 - what are **likely barriers** to prevent progress towards maturing challenge – how might we overcome them?
- **listening mode:** to refine (dynamic) challenge text



Facilitated Brainstorming₁



We will split into **three** stakeholder groups

- **Network manager**
- **Airspace user**
- **ANSP**

Taking the perspective of the stakeholder they represent groups will brainstorm **“What specific follow-up research is likely to be useful to mature the state of the art”**

Presenting and refining results in plenary including prioritizing

Facilitated Brainstorming₃

1. **Brainstorming**: I WISH... (IW) or HOW TO...? (H2) on Post-It notes, pin up notes on the wall in no specific order (20 min)
2. **Grouping** into themes: participants move Post-Its around to create groups of related ideas (ideally 3-5 themes)
3. **Naming** the theme: each group finds a suitable title for the themes they have identified and writes them on larger Post-Its
4. **Defining** the theme on the flipchart: participants stick large Post-Its on a flipchart page (each) or copy the name of the theme, then they write “this theme is mainly about:” producing 3-4 bullet points per theme, one flipchart page per theme
5. **Prioritising** themes: groups select what they think are their top 2 based on group discussion
6. For the top 2 challenges identify **measures of success** could be used to assess progress of challenge:
 - a. **short-term**: wholly within catalyst funded project
 - b. **longer-term**: outside/beyond such a project
7. Identify **likely barriers** to prevent progress towards maturing challenge – how might we overcome them?

Facilitated Brainstorming₄

Brainstorming

Grouping

Naming

Defining

Prioritising

Measures of success

Likely barriers

IW...

H2...

IW...

H2...

H2...

IW...

H2...

Facilitated Brainstorming₅

Brainstorming

Grouping

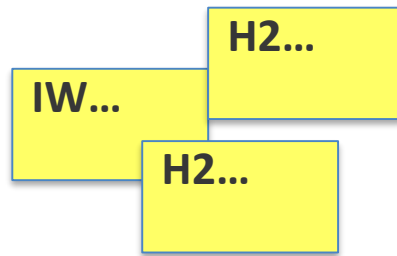
Naming

Defining

Prioritising

Measures of success

Likely barriers



Facilitated Brainstorming₆

Brainstorming

Grouping

Naming

Defining

Prioritising

Measures of success

Likely barriers

Globally
interoperable local
solutions

H2...

IW...

H2...

Never-ending
eternity

H2...

IW...

IW...

H2...

Facilitated Brainstorming₇

Brainstorming

Grouping

Naming

Defining

Prioritising

Measures of success

Likely barriers

**Globally interoperable
local solutions**

This theme is mainly about

- ...
- ...
- ...

IW

**Never-ending
eternity**

H2...

IW...

IW...

H2...

Templates will be
provided on USB Stick

Facilitated Brainstorming₈

Brainstorming

Grouping

Naming

Defining

Prioritising

Measures of success

Likely barriers

2 Globally interoperable local solutions

This theme is mainly about

- ...
- ...
- ...

1 Never-ending eternity

This theme is mainly about

- ...
- ...
- ...

Facilitated Brainstorming₉

Brainstorming

Grouping

Naming

Defining

Prioritising

Measures of success

Likely barriers

2 Globally interoperable local solutions

This theme is mainly about

- ...
- ...
- ...

Measures of success

- Short-term:...
- Longer-term:...

1 Never-ending eternity

This theme is mainly about

- ...
- ...
- ...

For top 2

Facilitated Brainstorming₁₀

Brainstorming

Grouping

Naming

Defining

Prioritising

Measures of success

Likely barriers

For top 2

2 Globally interoperable local solutions

This theme is mainly about

- ...
- ...
- ...

Measures of success

- Short-term:...
- Longer-term :...

Likely barriers:

- ...
- ...

1 Never-ending eternity

This theme is mainly about

- ...
- ...
- ...

Measures of success

- Short-term:...
- Longer-term :...

Likely barriers:

- ...
- ...

Plenary debriefing and Pareto voting

Stakeholder groups present their conclusions

- Theme description, measures of success, likely barriers
- Use powerpoint and templates provided in this presentation
- 5 min per groups
- Clarifications and comments – but no endless discussions!
- Some refinement and adaptations based on discussion



Pareto voting



Stakeholder Network manager/Airspace user/ANSP

Theme Please name theme



This theme is mainly about:

- ...
- ...
- ...

Measures of success could be used to assess progress of challenge:

- short-term: wholly within catalyst funded project
- longer-term: outside/beyond such a project
- ...
- ...

Likely barriers

- Likely barriers to prevent progress towards maturing challenge...
- how might we overcome them...

Wrap-up and next steps

Wrap-up and next steps

Room 413	Room 427
17:30 – 19:30	Cocktail and official opening of the poster exhibition <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Florian Guillermet, Executive Director, SESAR JU • Jeff Poole, Director General, CANSO • Andrew Cook, Coordinator, Engage network Monday 3rd

ussion

Thematic Area 1 Novel and more markets	Thematic Area 2 Efficient and resilient	Thematic Area 3 Sustainable and secure
17:30 – 19:00	Posters and Exhibits Cocktail	
Tuesday 4th		

ublish

Abstract

This research explores the design of new allocation markets in ATM, taking into account real stakeholder behaviours. It focuses on designs such as auctions and 'smart' contracts for slot and trajectory allocations. It seeks to better predict the actual behaviour of stakeholders, compared with behaviours predicted by normative models, taking into account that decisions are often made in the context of uncertainty. Which mechanisms are more robust against behavioural biases and likely to reach stable and efficient solutions, equitably building on existing SESAR practices? The research will address better modelling and measurement of these effects in ATM, taking account of 'irrational' agents such as airline 'cultures'. A key objective is to contribute to the development of improved tools to better manage the allocation of resources such as slots and trajectories, and incentivising behaviour that benefits the network - for example by investigating the potential of centralised markets and 'smart' contract enablers.

16:30 – 18:00	Posters and Exhibits Session 2, Coffee
Networking Event	
19:00 – 22:00	<i>Please note that there will be participant fee of 35 EUR to be paid in advance</i>
Wednesday 5th	

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- presentation at the SESAR Innovation Days
- posters; consortium members available
- feeds final stages of ER4 Call (appx.€40M; Q1 2019)



Data-driven Trajectory Prediction

Engage KTN

Thank you



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Founding Members



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